Informatics 1 Functional Programming Lecture 6

Map, filter, fold

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Part I

Map

Squares

```
> squares [1,-2,3]
[1,4,9]
squares :: [Int] -> [Int]
squares xs = [ x*x | x <- xs ]
squares :: [Int] -> [Int]
squares [] = []
squares (x:xs) = x*x : squares xs
```

Ords

```
> ords "a2c3"
[97,50,99,51]
ords :: [Char] -> [Int]
ords xs = [ ord x | x <- xs ]
ords :: [Char] -> [Int]
ords [] = []
ords (x:xs) = ord x : ords xs
```

Map

```
map :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
map f xs = [ f x | x <- xs ]
map :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
map f [] = []
map f (x:xs) = f x : map f xs
```

Squares, revisited

```
> squares [1,-2,3]
[1,4,9]
squares :: [Int] -> [Int]
squares xs = [x * x | x < - xs]
squares :: [Int] -> [Int]
squares [] = []
squares (x:xs) = x * x : squares xs
squares :: [Int] -> [Int]
squares xs = map sqr xs
 where
 sqr x = x \star x
```

Map—how it works

```
map :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
map f xs = [ f x | x <- xs ]

map sqr [1,2,3]
=
[ sqr x | x <- [1,2,3] ]
=
[ sqr 1 ] ++ [ sqr 2 ] ++ [ sqr 3]
=
[1, 4, 9]</pre>
```

Map—how it works

```
map :: (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow [a] \rightarrow [b]
map f [] = []
map f (x:xs) = f x : map f xs
 map sqr [1,2,3]
=
  map sqr (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
  sqr 1 : map sqr (2 : (3 : []))
=
  sqr 1 : (sqr 2 : map sqr (3 : []))
=
  sqr 1 : (sqr 2 : (sqr 3 : map sqr []))
=
  sqr 1 : (sqr 2 : (sqr 3 : []))
=
  1 : (4 : (9 : []))
=
  [1, 4, 9]
```

Ords, revisited

```
> ords "a2c3"
[97,50,99,51]
ords :: [Char] -> [Int]
ords xs = [ ord x | x <- xs ]
ords :: [Char] -> [Int]
ords [] = []
ords (x:xs) = ord x : ords xs
ords :: [Char] -> [Int]
ords xs = map ord xs
```

Part II

Filter

Odds

Digits

```
> digits "a2c3"
"23"
digits :: [Char] -> [Char]
digits xs = [ x | x <- xs, isDigit x ]
digits :: [Char] -> [Char]
digits [] = []
digits (x:xs) | isDigit x = x : digits xs
| otherwise = digits xs
```

Filter

Odds, revisited

Digits, revisited

Part III

Fold

Sum

```
> sum [1,2,3,4]
10
sum :: [Int] -> Int
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
```

Product

```
> product [1,2,3,4]
24
product :: [Int] -> Int
product [] = 1
product (x:xs) = x * product xs
```

Concatenate

```
> concat [[1,2,3],[4,5]]
[1,2,3,4,5]
> concat ["con","cat","en","ate"]
"concatenate"
concat :: [[a]] -> [a]
concat [] = []
concat [] = xs ++ concat xss
```

And

```
> and [True, True, True]
True
> and [True, False, True]
False
```

```
and :: [Bool] -> Bool
and [] = True
and (x:xs) = x && and xs
```

Or

```
> or [False, False, False]
False
> or [False, True, False]
True
```

```
or :: [Bool] -> Bool
or [] = False
or (x:xs) = x || or xs
```

Foldr

```
foldr :: (a -> a -> a) -> a -> [a] -> a
foldr f v [] = v
foldr f v (x:xs) = f x (foldr f v xs)
```

Foldr, with infix notation

foldr :: (a -> a -> a) -> a -> [a] -> a
foldr f v [] = v
foldr f v (x:xs) = x 'f' (foldr f v xs)

Sum, revisited

```
> sum [1,2,3,4]
10
sum :: [Int] -> Int
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
sum :: [Int] -> Int
sum xs = foldr (+) 0 xs
```

Recall that (+) is the name of the addition function, so x + y and (+) x y are equivalent.

Sum, Product, Concat, And, Or

sum	::	[Int] -> Int
sum xs	=	foldr (+) 0 xs
product	::	[Int] -> Int
product xs	=	foldr (*) 1 xs
concat	::	[[a]] -> [a]
concat xs	=	foldr (++) [] xs
and	::	[Bool] -> Bool
and xs	=	foldr (&&) True xs
or	::	[Bool] -> Bool
or xs	=	foldr () False xs

Sum—how it works

```
sum :: [Int] -> Int
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
 sum [1,2]
=
 sum (1 : (2 : []))
=
 1 + sum (2 : [])
=
 1 + (2 + sum [])
=
 1 + (2 + 0)
=
 3
```

Sum—how it works, revisited

```
foldr :: (a \rightarrow a \rightarrow a) \rightarrow a \rightarrow [a] \rightarrow a
foldr f v [] = v
foldr f v (x:xs) = x 'f' (foldr f v xs)
sum :: [Int] -> Int
sum xs = foldr (+) 0 xs
  sum [1,2]
=
  foldr (+) 0 [1,2]
=
  foldr (+) 0 (1 : (2 : []))
=
  1 + (foldr (+) 0 (2 : []))
=
  1 + (2 + (foldr (+) 0 []))
=
 1 + (2 + 0)
=
  3
```

Part IV

Map, Filter, and Fold All together now!

Sum of Squares of Odds

```
f :: [Int] -> Int
f xs = sum (squares (odds xs))
f :: [Int] -> Int
f xs = sum [x * x | x < -xs, odd x]
f :: [Int] -> Int
f [] = []
f (x:xs)
| odd x = (x \star x) + f xs
 | otherwise = f xs
f :: [Int] -> Int
f xs = foldr (+) 0 (map sqr (filter odd xs))
 where
 sqr x = x * x
```