Inf2 – Foundations of Data Science S2 Week 1: Semester 2 Logistics



informatics



Semester 2 logistics

- Lectures until week 6
 - On Statistical Inference, Maximum Likelihood and Regression, Ethics and Software Engineering
 - Accompanying Comprehension Questions in Learn
- Labs: Lab notebooks for weeks 1, 2 and 4, and one on web-scraping
 - No lab sessions ask on Piazza
- Workshops: in weeks 3, 4 and 6
 - May be in a new group or at a different time
 - To change group, use Group Change Request Form; turn up if change not actioned.
- CW2 Project from week 5 to week 10
 - including opportunities to present in workshop sessions in weeks 8 and 10
 - In response to feedback, earlier release than previous years



INF2-FDS: Informatics 2 - Founda...

Resource List

Lecture notes

The main reading for the course is the FDS lecture notes.

FDS-lecture-notes-2024-09-15.pdf

Please email david.c.sterratt@ed.ac.uk

if you would like the lecture notes in a

different format.

Visualisation Principles and Guidance

To help you make good visualisations and to help us to mark them, we've created this one-page set of visualisation principles and quidance.

FDS-visualisation-principles-handout.pdf

There is also other essential and recommended reading on the Resource List below.

Resources

Lecture notes:

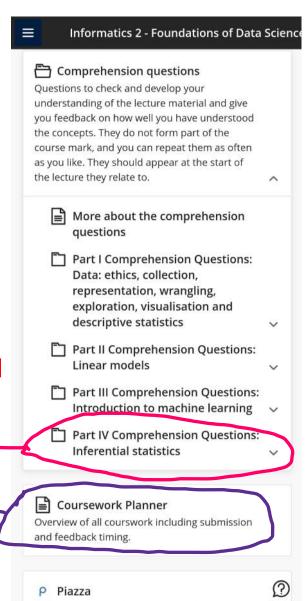
- Read before each lecture
- Ask David for different formats
- Updated in response to queries!

Comprehension questions:

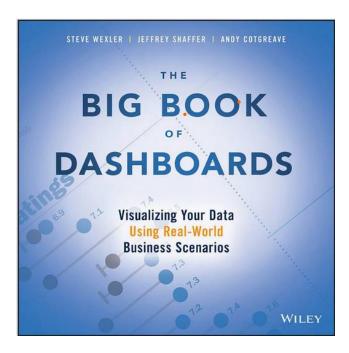
Released each week, should all be do-able after Wednesday lectures

Coursework planner:

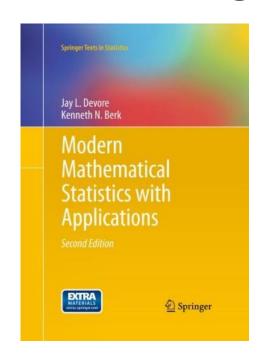
includes link to show CW deadlines in your Outlook calendar



Other recommended reading



The Big Book of Dashboards
Ch. 1: Data Visualization: A Primer
Wexler & al. (2017)
Essential reading – in Resource List



Modern Mathematical Statistics
with Applications
Devore & Berk
Buy softcover version via University
Library for £25

- See Resource List and Schedule for other essential and recommended reading, including
- Shannon Vallor's An Introduction to Data Ethics
- Berkley Data 8 <u>Inferential</u>
 <u>Thinking</u>
- Some recommended reading each week

Support

Piazza

- Please try to answer each other's content questions it helps you all to learn
- We will try to get to logistics questions and urgent questions by the next working day (not Saturdays or Sundays)

Office hour

- Now every Wednesday, 10am in AT8.15
- Please ring the bell to get in to Level 8, or ping David Sterratt on Teams

Dataset suggestions for final project

- Project:
 - Choose from one of three datasets to explore/analyse
 - Answer a few "seed" questions
 - Share the results in a written data science report
- Examples of datasets used in previous years:
 - Performance of Scottish A&E services
 - Worldwide trends in music streaming according to Spotify
 - Student learning on the EEdi educational platform
- Please add suggestions to the pinned Piazza post "Request for Dataset suggestions for final project"
- Deadline: end of week 2. We will then finalise the choices

What the exam (40%) will cover and how to do well

- Your knowledge of good practices for storing, manipulating, summarising and visualising data (Learning Outcome 1)
 - Revise Semester 1 material, including comprehension questions
- How well you can apply basic techniques from descriptive and inferential statistics and machine learning and interpret and describe the output from such analyses (Learning Outcome 3)
 - Do statistical problems tasks and workshops this semester
 - Do comprehension questions
 - Do labs
- How well you can evaluate claims made in case study and your understanding of ethical issues (Learning Outcome 4)
 - Read target paper and attend workshop in which we'll get to grips with it

Questions?

Inf2 - Foundations of Data Science: Introduction to statistical inference





Where are we in the course?

The Data Science Process I. Data: ethics, collection, Ask an interesting What is the scientific goal? representation, wrangling, What would you do if you had all the data? question. What do you want to predict or estimate? exploration, visualisation and descriptive stats How were the data sampled? Which data are relevant? Get the data. Are there privacy issues? II. Intro to Machine Learning Plot the data. Are there anomalies? Explore the data. Are there patterns? III. Linear models Build a model. Model the data. IV. Statistical inference Fit the model. Validate the model. V. Regression and inference Communicate and What did we learn? Do the results make sense? visualize the results

Joe Blitzstein and Hanspeter Pfister, created for the Harvard data science course http://cs109.org/.

Can we tell a story?

Descriptive statistics



down their land on good condition for grafo, all I sh Lime, is, that by it we can produce good Grops of rough A, these last will not grow in this country, the crop is but often productive of of well got, the strow is excelled the Sheep. would the farmers consult their own Intere Their lands with grafo the second or third crop, the Hay more than compensate them, besides leaving the Land in crops, but men seldom forgoe a present profit for for 12" Slough: gates in the Country of m Lothian by wh is defermined at 15 35 1 Do Delherh shire Floroco med Lothian --Do Selhurh shere - - -Black Cattle med Lothean - 1290 Do Selherh Shore . - -Carto Med Lothean ---- 91 considered is Sheep, for which nature seems cheefly this part of the country, If we examine the sheet . the parish, they seem orriginaly to have been of the

Inferential statistics

Statistical inference is the process of drawing conclusions about quanties that are not observed

E.g. Wildcats



Wikipedia, Peter Trimming, CC BY 2.0

We observe the mean of a sample

We infer the mean of the population

E.g. "Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages" Al-Kindi, 9th Century, Baghdad

ذا سما الده عاد والبور ويصف والحكوم المستوا مورة اليا الوي مواهم موال عراسه مر ما المراد و البعد من ما المراد و البعد و المراد و المرد و ال

We infer the meaning of the messages

Inferential statistics tasks

- 1. Estimation
- 2. Hypothesis testing
- 3. Comparing two samples (A/B testing)

Inferential statistics tasks: Estimation

How big is a quantity, and how certain are we about our answer? E.g. weight of a population of squirrels from sample of 20



Peter Trimming, CC BY 2.0, Wikipedia

Point estimates
$$\hat{\mu} = 320g$$

Confidence intervals: how confident are we in the estimate?

980 confident that
$$[364g, 336g]$$

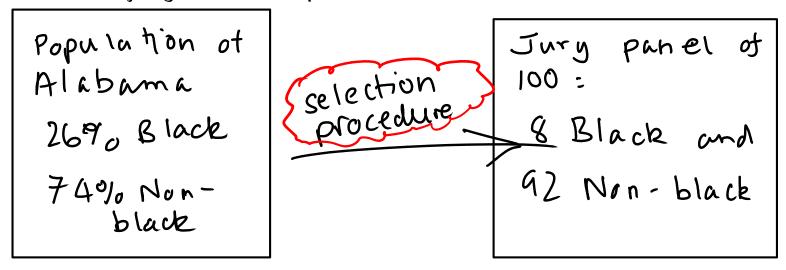
Contains M

 $M = 320g \pm 1bg, n = 20$

Inferential statistics tasks: Hypothesis testing

Yes/no questions: E.g. 1: "Is Chocolate good for you"

E.g. 2: Swain versus Alabama (1965). Is this jury selection procedure biased?

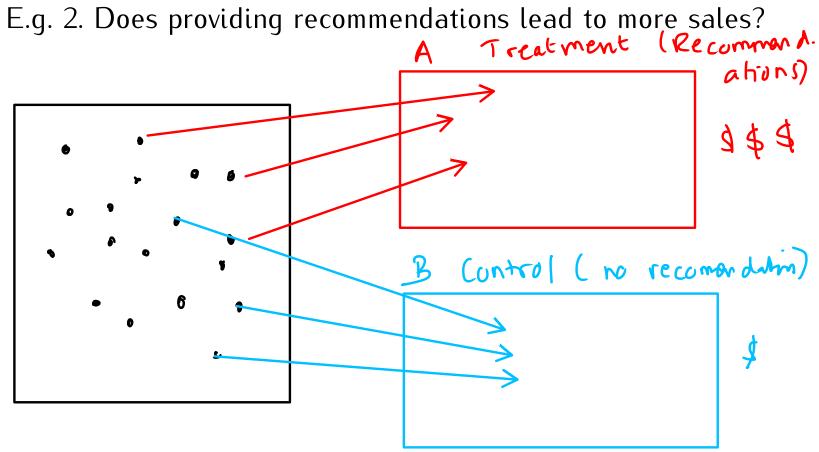


Question: what if

- (a) there had been 26 black and 74 non-black?
- (b) there had been 20 black and 80 non-black?

Inferential statistics tasks: Comparing two samples (A/B testing)

E.g. 1. Is a vaccine better than a placebo?



Two approaches to statistical inference

- 1. Computational: "Statistical simulations"
 - + Few assumptions => can be applied to many situations
 - + Little theory required
 - + Hopefully intuitive
 - Can be compute-intensive
- 2. Mathematical: Statistical theory
 - + Not compute-intensive
 - + Standard in scientific literature
 - Can depend on assumptions that aren't true (e.g. normal distributions)

Plan for statistical inference

- 1. Randomness, sampling and simulations (S2 Week 1)
- 2. Estimation, including confidence intervals (S2 Week 2)
- 3. Hypothesis testing (S2 Week 3)
- 4. A/B testing (S2 Week 3)

How can we address these questions?

- 1. What is the mean and median age of the population of all 2p and 10p coins in circulation?
- 2. Are tosses of 2p and 10p coins biased, i.e. is the probability of heads or tails different from 1/2?

Head Tail Head Tail

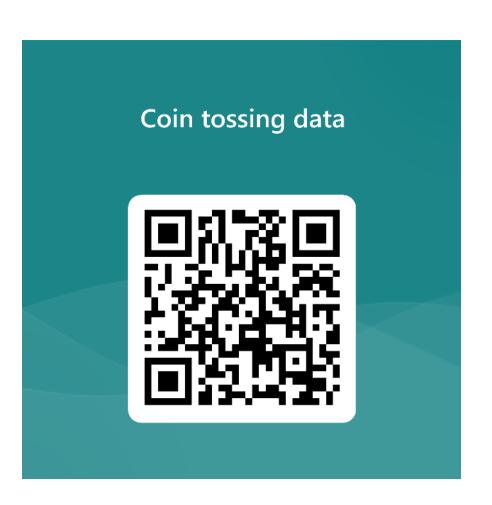
Old style

New style



Let's get sampling!

- 1. Go to the form at the right
- 2. Record the
 - denomination (2p/10p)
 - style (old/new)
 - year
- 3. Toss the coin 8 times and record the results
- 4. Submit the form



https://forms.office.com/e/SKNgiQmB4N

Results

How certain are we that the mean year is what we compute?

Do we think that the coins are biased or not?