

How to Choose a Research Topic

Hao Tang

What this session is not

What this session is not

- Togelius and Yannakakis, Choose your weapon: Survival strategies for depressed AI academics, 2023
- Ignat et al., A PhD student's perspective on research in NLP in the era of very large language models, 2023
- Saphra et al., First tragedy, then parse: History repeats itself in the new era of large language models, 2023
- Li et al., Defining a new NLP playground, 2023

What is research?

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Building models

What is a model?

A **model** is an imaginary artifact that describes the inner working of something.

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- imaginary

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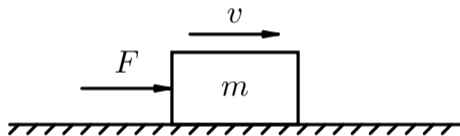
- imaginary
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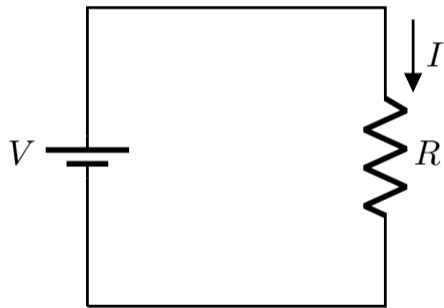
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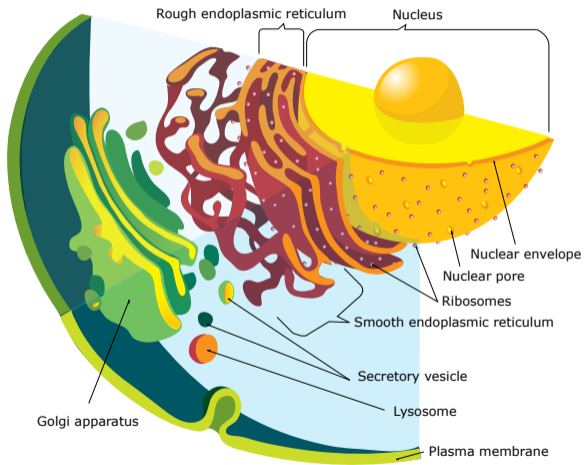
Examples



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The hypothesis class \mathcal{H} is PAC learnable if for any distribution \mathcal{D} , $\epsilon > 0$, and $0 < \delta < 1$, there is a sample size m such that for every $h \in \mathcal{H}$,

$$\mathbb{P}_{S^m \sim \mathcal{D}^m} \left[|L_{\mathcal{D}}(h) - L_{S^m}(h)| > \epsilon \right] < \delta. \quad (1)$$

Examples

- phoneme
- morpheme
- generative grammar
- mentalese

Examples

- perceptron
- multi-layer perceptron
- long short-term memory network
- Transformer

Examples

Examples

Transformers Learn Shortcuts to Automata

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Examples

Thinking Like Transformers

Gail Weiss¹ Yoav Goldberg^{2,3} Eran Yahav¹

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Tighter Bounds on the Expressivity of Transformer Encoders

David Chiang¹ Peter Cholak¹ Anand Pillay¹

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Examples

Transformers as Recognizers of Formal Languages: A Survey on Expressivity

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Topics, questions, and problems

- A **topic** refers to a broad field.
- A **question** is something that can be answered.
- A **problem** is something that bothers people.

How to choose a research topic?

- Intrinsic motivation
- Extrinsic motivation
- Constraints

Intrinsic motivation

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- I really want to learn that thing!

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- I hope someday I can be like them!

Intrinsic motivation

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- I really want to learn that thing!
- I hope someday I can be like them!
- I cannot stand this anymore!

Intrinsic motivation



Extrinsic motivation

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- It's easy to find a job if I work on this thing.
- My supervisor works on this thing.
- Everybody is bothered by that same problem.
- I have a tool and I'd better use it somewhere.
- There is a low-hanging fruit.

What research is about

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Constraints

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- Where you are now

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- Where you are now
- What you have worked on
- Whether you have an approach to a problem
- Whether you have the resources
- Whether people care

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- “The great scientists, when an opportunity opens up, get after it and they pursue it. They drop all other things.”
- “Knowledge and productivity are like compound interest.” – Hendrik Bode

Should I work on this topic?

- Am I interested? Is there something I can learn from?
- Is that something people care about?
- Do I have an attack?
- Is somebody else working on it?

Further reading

- Hamming, You and your research, 1986
- Lazebnik, Can a biologist fix a radio?—or, what I learned while studying apoptosis, 2002
- Jonas and Kording, Could a neuroscientist understand a microprocessor?, 2017
- Shmueli, To explain or to predict, 2010
- Breiman, Statistical modeling: The two cultures, 2010
- Mullaney and Rea, Where research begins, 2022
- Booth et al., The craft of research, 2016

Summary

- Fuel your interests with success.
- Engage with the moving collective experience.
- Compound your knowledge and productivity.
- How likely is your work going to be rediscovered?